HW #5 (221B), due March 1, 4pm

1. Consider an atom with three electrons, such as Li, Be⁺, B⁺⁺. The Hamiltonian is

$$H = H_0 + \Delta H \tag{1}$$

$$H_0 = \sum_{i=1}^{3} \left(\frac{\vec{p}_i^2}{2m} - \frac{Ze^2}{r_i} \right) \tag{2}$$

$$\Delta H = +\sum_{i < j} \frac{e^2}{r_{ij}}.$$
 (3)

The unperturbed Hamiltonian is the same as in the hydrogen-like atoms and hence solvable. The states 2s and 2p remain degenerate at this point. Therefore we should consider both the electron configurations $1s^22s$ and $1s^22p$. Answer the following questions.

- (a) Write down the totally anti-symmetric wave function of three electrons for the unperturbed case. Do not use the explcit forms of the wave functions, but rather use symbolic labels $|1s^{\uparrow}\rangle$, $|2p^{\downarrow}\rangle$, etc.
- (b) Show that the expectation value of H_0 is simply a sum of three single-particle energies.
- (c) Show that the expectation value of $\Delta E = \langle 1s^2 2s^{\uparrow} | \Delta H | 1s^2 2s^{\uparrow} \rangle$ is given by

$$\Delta E = \langle 1s^{\uparrow}1s^{\downarrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|1s^{\uparrow}1s^{\downarrow}\rangle - \langle 1s^{\uparrow}1s^{\downarrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|1s^{\downarrow}1s^{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \langle 1s^{\uparrow}2s^{\uparrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|1s^{\uparrow}2s^{\uparrow}\rangle - \langle 1s^{\uparrow}2s^{\uparrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|2s^{\uparrow}1s^{\uparrow}\rangle$$

$$+ \langle 1s^{\downarrow}2s^{\uparrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|1s^{\downarrow}2s^{\uparrow}\rangle - \langle 1s^{\downarrow}2s^{\uparrow}|\frac{e^{2}}{r_{12}}|2s^{\uparrow}1s^{\downarrow}\rangle$$

$$(4)$$

and similarly for $|1s^22p^{\uparrow}\rangle$.

- (d) The perturbation e^2/r_{12} does not affect the spin. Because of that, some of the terms in the above equation trivially vanish, and some of them are equal. Which one are they?
- (e) Calculate ΔE for both $1s^22s$ and $1s^22p$ configurations.
- (f) Further improve the calculation using the variational method, by varying Z in the wave function (not in the Hamiltonian).

Note According to the table Dan Haxton found for me, the ionization potentials for Li are 5.39172, 75.64018, 122.45429 eV for Li, Li⁺, and Li⁺⁺.